APPENDIX C

Pedestrian Analysis

LOS ANGELES SPORTS AND ENTERTAINMENT DISTRICT PEDESTRIAN ANALYSIS

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PEDESTRIAN SYSTEM ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

This section presents an analysis of the pedestrian system serving of the Los Angeles Sports and Entertainment District. The capacity of the sidewalk system will be measured under two conditions:

- a. Average Day a condition that occurs when most of the project parking can be accommodated on site.
- b. Peak Day -- representing the busiest weekend days of the year when up to 2,000 project vehicles park off-site.

In both cases, the conditions are measured on a Saturday evening peak hour during the one-hour time period before a STAPLES Center event. For the purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that the STAPLES Center hosts a sold-out event.

METHODOLGY

This analysis is based on the methodology presented in the *Highway Capacity Manual*, Chapter 13 – Pedestrians. The expected number of pedestrians in the peak hour is compared to the effective width of the sidewalk available to accommodate that pedestrian volume.

The effective width of the sidewalk is calculated by reducing the actual width of the sidewalk by the effects of landscaping, utility poles, fences, adjacent buildings, etc.

The Pedestrian Flow Rate (number of pedestrians per minute per foot of effective sidewalk) is calculated and compared to Table 1 to determine the Level of Service of the sidewalk. This calculation measures the quality of the pedestrian flow along the sidewalk system. The *Highway Capacity Manual* also suggests that the effects of pedestrian platoons be calculated to measure this effect on pedestrian Level of Service. The platoon measurement takes into account the effects of traffic signals, transit facilities and other short-term fluctuations in the flow of pedestrians. Thus a second set of calculations is included for both Peak Day and Average Day conditions.

The City of Los Angeles has not established a performance standard for sidewalk operation nor has it adopted a definition of "significant impact" in the event that a project effects the performance of a sidewalk.

Figure 1 presents a description of the performance of the sidewalk system at the various Levels of Service. If the City had a sidewalk performance standard similar to its standards for street and intersection performance, the sidewalk should operate in the Level of Service C to D range to be considered acceptable operation.

TABLE 1
PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF SERVICE

LEVEL OF SERVICE	PEDESTRIAN FLOW RATE (peds/min/ft) less than or equal to:
A	2
B	7
C	10
D	15
E	25
F	>25

LEVEL OF SERVICE A

Pedestrian Space: ≥ 130 sq ft/ped Flow Rate: ≤ 2 ped/min/ft

At walkway LOS A, pedestrians basically move in desired paths without altering their movements in response to other pedestrians. Walking speeds are freely selected, and conflicts between pedestrians are unlikely.

LEVEL OF SERVICE B

Pedestrian Space: ≥ 40 sq ft/ped Flow Rate: ≤ 7 ped/min/ft

At LOS B, sufficient area is provided to allow pedestrians to freely select walking speeds, to bypass other pedestrians, and to avoid crossing conflicts with others. At this level, pedestrians begin to be aware of other pedestrians, and to respond to their presence in the selection of walking path.



Pedestrian Space: ≥ 24 sq ft/ped Flow Rate: ≤ 10 ped/min/ft

At LOS C, sufficient space is available to select normal walking speeds, and to bypass other pedestrians in primarily unidirectional streams. Where reverse-direction or crossing movements exist, minor conflicts will occur, and speeds and volume will be somewhat lower.

LEVEL OF SERVICE D

Pedestrian Space: ≥ 15 sq ft/ped Flow Flate: ≤ 15 ped/min/ft

At LOS D, freedom to select individual walking speed and to bypass other pedestrians is restricted. Where crossing or reverse-flow movements exist, the probability of conflict is high, and its avoidance requires frequent changes in speed and position. The LOS provides reasonably fluid flow; however, considerable friction and interaction between pedestrians is likely to occur.

LEVEL OF SERVICE E

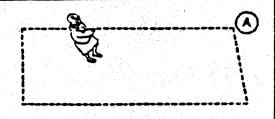
Pedestrian Space: ≥ 6 sq ft/ped Flow Rate: ≤ 25 ped/min/ft

At LOS E, virtually all pedestrians would have their normal walking speed restricted, requiring frequent adjustment of gait. At the lower range of this LOS, forward movement is possible only by "shuffling." Insufficient space is provided for passing of slower pedestrians. Cross- or reverse-flow movements are possible only with extreme difficulties. Design volumes approach the limit of walkway capacity, with resulting stoppages and interruptions to flow.

LEVEL OF SERVICE F.

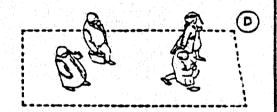
Pedestrian Space: ≤ 6 sq ft/ped Flow Rate: variable

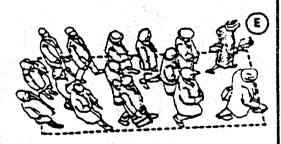
At LOS F, all walking speeds are severely restricted, and forward progress is made only by "shuffling." There is frequent, unavoidable contact with other pedestrians. Cross- and reverse-flow movements are virtually impossible. Flow is sporadic and unstable. Space is more characteristic of queued pedestrians than of moving pedestrian streams.











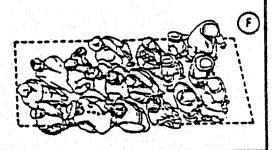


Figure 1
Walkway Levels of Service

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Table 2 presents a summary of the key components of the sidewalk system serving the LAS & ED. Shown is the actual width of the sidewalks along with the adjustments suggested by the *Highway Capacity Manual*. By subtracting the adjustment factors from the actual width, the effective width of the sidewalk is calculated.

The sidewalk widths shown in Table 2 reflect the sidewalk widenings that were installed as part of the STAPLES Center mitigation program. While the City of Los Angeles code requirements call for a 10-foot wide sidewalk to be provided adjacent to downtown streets, as can be seen in Table 2, most sidewalks adjacent to the project blocks provide 15-foot walks.

CAPACITY CALCULATIONS

Pedestrian Flow Assumptions

Background Conditions

An estimate was made of the number of pedestrians that would be using the sidewalk system adjacent to the project blocks under "Background Conditions". "Background Conditions" for the purpose of this analysis represent approximately 6:30-7:30 pm on a summer Saturday evening with no event underway at the Los Angeles Convention Center or at the STAPLES Center. During this time period, most sidewalks in this portion of downtown do not have much pedestrian traffic. The exception to this condition would be along Figueroa Boulevard north of 11th Street. The estimated pedestrian levels during the Background Conditions vary between only 10 pedestrians/hour along Cherry between Olympic and 11th Street to 100 pedestrians/hour along the busier Figueroa corridor.

Los Angeles Convention Center/STAPLES Center

From a pedestrian perspective, the Los Angeles Convention Center is busiest when the on-site parking supply fills and the LACC visitors spill over into the off-site parking supply in the area. This occurs most frequently during the largest consumer shows such as the Auto Show and the Boat Show.

It is unlikely that the LACC would produce pedestrian volumes during the Saturday evening peak hour that would be comparable to the pedestrian flows to/from the STAPLES Center during the pre-event hour. Therefore, the STAPLES Center pedestrian flows will dictate the peak conditions generated by the LACC/STAPLES Center block.

For this analysis, a sold-out sporting event was used as the design condition. A total of 20,000 visitors to the STAPLES Center was assumed and it was assumed that 90% of the crowd would arrive in the one hour prior to the event. The *Highway Capacity Manual* requires that an estimate be made to determine the peak 15-minute pedestrian flow within the peak hour. This analysis assumes that 35% of the peak hour pedestrian flow would occur within the peak 15 minutes.

TABLE 2 SIDEWALK WIDTHS

STREET	SEC	TION	SIDEWALK	SIDEWALK						
	FROM	ТО	SIDE	FULL WIDTH (ft)	CURB SIDE ADJUST	BLDG SIDE ADJUST	EFFECTIVE WIDTH (ft)			
Cherry	Olympic	11th	East West	10 NO SID	1.5 EWALK	0	8.5			
Georgia	Olympic	11th.	East West	10 10	1.5 1.5	0 0	8.5 8.5			
Figueroa	9th	Olympic	East West	12 12	2 2	1.5 0	8.5 10			
Figueroa	Olympic	11th	East West	12 15	2 2	1.5 0	8.5 13			
Figueroa	11th	12th	East West	15 30	2 2	0 1.5	13 26.5			
Figueroa	12th	Pico	East West	15 17	2 1.5	0 0	13 15.5			
Figueroa	Pico	Venice	East West	16 10	2 1.5	1.5 0	12.5 8.5			
Flower	9th	Olympic	East West	13 12	2 2	1.5 1.5	9.5 8.5			
Flower	Olympic	11th	East West	15 22	2 2	1.5 1.5	11.5 18.5			
Flower	11th	12th	East West	12 10	1.5 2	1.5 1.5	9 6.5			
Flower	12th	Pico	East West	9.5 10	1.5 2	1.5 0	6.5 8			
Flower	Pico	Venice	East West	9 10	1.5 2	1.5 1.5	6 6.5			
Olympic	Georgia	Figueroa	North South	15 15	2 2	1.5 0	11.5 13			
Olympic	Figueroa	Flower	North South	15 13	2 2	0 1.5	13 9.5			
11th	Cherry	Georgia	North South	15 10	2 2	0 0	13 8			
11th	Georgia	Figueroa	North South	15 20	2 2	0 1.5	13 16.5			
11th	Figueroa	Flower	North South	10 10	2 2	0 1.5	8 6.5			
12th	Figueroa	Flower	North South	15 10	2 1.5	0 0	13 8.5			
Pico	Figueroa	Flower	North South	19.5 11.5	2 2	0 1.5	17.5 8			

CURB SIDE ADJUSTME	NT
TRAFFIC	1.5
LIGHT POLES	1.5
LANDSCAPING	2.0
BUILDING SIDE ADJUS	TMENT
OPEN	0.0
FENCE	1.5
BUILDING	1.5

The geographic distribution of the pedestrian flow to/from the STAPLES Center is based on the distribution of off-site parking serving STAPLES Center visitors and the locations of the doors to the venue.

LAS & ED Project

Pedestrian volumes for the project were broken into two segments. The first involves the project visitors who park off-site and then walk to the venue. During Peak Day conditions, it was assumed that approximately 2,000 vehicles would park off-site. This estimate is consistent with the Parking Analysis presented in this EIR. At an average auto occupancy of 2.5 persons per vehicle, a total of 5,000 people would be travelling on the sidewalk system between the project and the off-site parking areas. The trip generation assumptions for the project suggest that the peak turnover of the parking supply would be 50% (i.e. no more than 50% of the parking supply would enter or leave the site during one hour). Therefore the peak pedestrian flow would be 2,500 pedestrians from the project to the off-site parking spaces and another 2,500 people from the parking to the project.

The second component of the LAS & ED pedestrian flow involves those project visitors who park on one of the study blocks and then visit the land uses on another of the project blocks. As a conservative estimate, it was assumed that 50% of the project visitors would visit land uses on more than one block and that these 50% would be moving on the sidewalk system during the peak hour. This would mean that approximately 4.500 project pedestrians would be moving from block to block within the project. The geographic distribution of the intra-project pedestrian flow was based on the amount of parking and the amount of activity on each block of the project.

Calculation Results

The following series of tables present the results of the pedestrian system capacity calculations:

Table 3	Peak Day Sidewalk Level of Service
Table 4	Average Day Sidewalk Level of Service
Table 5	Peak Day Platoon Level of Service
Table 6	Average Day Platoon Level of Service

The details of the calculations are shown in the Appendix. Appendix Figure A1 shows the calculation format from the *Highway Capacity Manual* while Tables A1-A4 show the sidewalk volumes, distribution and calculation results.

Background Conditions

As shown in Table 3, the existing sidewalk system accommodates the Background pedestrian volumes at Level of Service A (the Background pedestrian volumes are identical for both Peak and Average Day Conditions) This ability of the sidewalk system to accommodate Background Condition pedestrian levels is not surprising since the sidewalk system was designed to handle crowds from the LACC and the STAPLES Center, and the Background Conditions assume that both of these venues are dark.

Even when the effects of platoons are taken into account, the Background Conditions pedestrian volumes are low enough that Level of Service A is maintained.

TABLE 3 SIDEWALK LEVEL OF SERVICE RESULTS -- PEAK DAY CONDITIONS

STREET	SECTION	SIDEWALK	BACKG	ROUND	STAPLES/L/	ACC EVENT	LAS & ED	TOTAL	COMBINE	O VENUES
	FROM TO	SIDE	PED FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL	FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL
		1	RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF
			(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE
Cherry	Olympic 11th	East	0.02	Α	2.49	В	0.28	Α	2.78	В
		West								
Coorgia	Olympic 11th	Foot	0.03	7	4 54		4.00		0.57	
Georgia	Olympic 11th	East West	l .	A A	1.51	Α	1.06	Α .	2.57	В
		VVESI	0.03		1.02	Α	1.06	Α	2.08	В
Figueroa	9th Olympic	East	0.12	Α	5.06	В	1.49	Α	6.55	В
		West	0.10	Α	6.40	В	3.60	В	10.00	č
Figueroa	Olympic 11th	East	0.12	A	5.06	, , , B, , ,	1.05	Α	6.11	В
		West	0.08	Α	6.54	B 1	1.78	Α	8.32	С
r-:	1445 4045		0.00		1					
Figueroa	11th 12th	East	0.08	Α	1.69	A	1.65	Α	3.34	В
		West	0.04	Α	1.62	Α	1.27	Α	2.89	В
Figueroa	12th Pico	East	0.08	Α	0.72	Α	1.92	Α	2.64	В
		West	0.06	A	2.77	· B	1.46	A	4.23	В
										a a T
Figueroa	Pico Venice	East	0.08	Α	0.42	Α	0.45	Α	0.87	Α
		West	0.12	Α	2.59	В	0.25	Α	2.84	В
- 1	011	_	0.05						9.8 P <u>1</u> 141 V	
Flower	9th Olympic	East	0.05	A	0.94	A	0.30	A	1.24	A
		West	0.06	Α	1.54	Α	1.55	Α	3.10	В
Flower	Olympic 11th	East	0.04	Α	0.77	Α	0.14	Α	0.92	Α
	Ciyinpio , iai	West	0.03	Â	0.71	Ä	0.27	À	0.98	Â
Flower	11th 12th	East	0.06	Α	2.39	В	1.07	Α	3.46	В
		West	0.08	A	3.31	В	3.15	В	6.45	В ,
Clauses	404b Diag		0.00		0.54		0.70			
Flower	12th Pico	East West	0.08 0.06	A	6.54 2.69	B B	2.73	В	9.27	C B
		AACSI	0.00	Α	2.09	D	1.70	Α	4.38	• D
Flower	Pico Venice	East	0.08	Α Α	0.78	Α	0.47	Α	1.26	Α
		West	0.08	Α	1.37	Α	0.44	Α	1.81	Α
Olympic	Georgia Figueroa	North	0.04	Α	1.87	Α	1.51	Α	3.38	В
		South	0.04	Α	3.27	В	1.91	Α.	5.17	В
Ot										_
Olympic	Figueroa Flower	North South	0.08	A	0.72	A	0.42	A	1.14	A
		South	0.11	Α	4.53	В	0.82	Α	5.34	В
11th	Cherry Georgia	North	0.04	Α	1.33	Α	0.21	Α	1.54	Α
	,	South	0.06	Â	0.59	A	0.34	Ä	0.93	A
			4			1 10				
11th	Georgia Figueroa	North	0.08	Α	3.31	В	2.63	В	5.94	В
		South	0.06	Α	5.15	В	0.73	Α	5.88	В
1146	Figueroa Flower	North	0.40	Α	4.00		204		6.07	
11th	Figueroa Flower	North South	0.13 0.15	A	4.33 7.91	B C	2.34 2.54	B B	6.67 10.45	B D
		Journ	U. 10	^	1.31	٠ ا	4.04	В	10.45	ا د
12th	Figueroa Flower	North	0.04	Α	1.65	Α	1.29	Α	2.95	В
	-	South	0.06	Ä	7.47	C	1.98	Â	9.45	Č
Pico	Figueroa Flower	North	0.06	Α	1.02	Α	0.89	Α	1.91	Α
		South	0.13	Α	0.65	Α	0.42	Α	1.07	Α

TABLE 4 SIDEWALK LEVEL OF SERVICE RESULTS -- AVERAGE DAY CONDITIONS

STREET	SECTION	SIDEWALK	BACKG	CKGROUND	STAPLES/L/					VENUES
	FROM TO	SIDE	PED FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL	FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL
		Table Make 1	RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF
			(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE
			0.00		0.40		0.16	Α	2.65	В
Cherry	Olympic 11th	East	0.02	Α	2.49	В	0.10	^	2.03	
		West								
Georgia	Olympic 11th	East	0.03	Α	1.51	Α	0.69	Α	2.20	В
		West	0.03	Α	1.02	Α	0.69	Α	1,71	Α
Figueroa	9th Olympic	East	0.12	A	5.06	В	0.25	A	5.31 6.85	B B
		West	0.10	Α	6.40	В	0.45	A	0.65	D
Figueroa	Olympic 11th	East	0.12	Α	5.06	В	0.43	Α	5.49	В
		West	0.08	Α	6.54	В	0.97	Α	7.51	С
Figueroa	11th 12th	East	0.08	Α	1.69	Α	1.32	Α	3.02	В
		West	0.04	Α	1.62	Α	0.87	Α	2.50	В
Eigueroe	12th Pico	East	0.08	۸	0.72	Α	1.35	Α	2.07	В
Figueroa	12th Pico	West	0.06	A A	2.77	В	1.12	Â	3.89	В
		71001	0.00							
Figueroa	Pico Venice	East	0.08	A	0.42	Α	0.12	Α	0.53	Α
		West	0.12	Α	2.59	В	0.13	Α	2.72	В
							0.00		1.01	Λ
Flower	9th Olympic	East	0.05	Α	0.94	A A	0.08 0.32	A A	1.86	A A
		West	0.06	Α	1.54	^	0,32		1.00	
Flower	Olympic 11th	East	0.04	Α	0.77	Α	0.05	Α	0.83	Α
		West	0.03	Α	0.71	Α	0.10	Α	0.81	Α
Flower	11th 12th	East	0.06	Α	2.39	В	0.37	A	2.76	B B
		West	0.08	Α	3.31	В	1.69	Α	5.00	Ь
Flower	12th Pico	East	0.08	Α	6.54	В	0.63	Α	7.17	С
		West	0.06	Α	2.69	В	1.17	Α	3.86	В
Flower	Pico Venice	East	0.08	Α	0.78	Α	0.12	Α	0.91	A
<u> </u>		West	0.08	A	1.37	A	0.11	A	1.48 2.47	A B
Olympic	Georgia Figueroa	North South	0.04 0.04	A A	1.87 3.27	A B	0.60 1.10	Â	4.37	В
		30001	0.04	^	5.27		1.10			
Olympic	Figueroa Flower	North	0.08	Α	0.72	Α	0.26	Α	0.98	Α
, ,		South	0.11	Α	4.53	В	0.38	Α	4.90	В
							0.40		1	٨
11th	Cherry Georgia	North	0.04	A	1.33	A	0.13 0.21	A A	1.46 0.80	A A
		South	0.06	Α,	0.59	Α	0.21	7	0.00	
11th	Georgia Figueroa	North	0.08	Α	3.31	В	1.42	Α	4.73	В
		South	0.06	Α	5.15	В	0.41	Α	5.57	В
				198						
11th	Figueroa Flower	North	0.13	Α	4.33	В	1.29	A	5.62	B C
		South	0.15	Α	7.91	C	1.41	Α	9.32	
12th	Figueroa Flower	North	0.04	Α	1.65	Α	0.89	Α	2.54	В
	guciou i lowel	South	0.06	Â	7,47	Ċ	1.36	Α	8.83	C
Pico	Figueroa Flower	North	0.06	Α	1.02	Α	0.41	Α	1.43	Α
		South	0.13	Α	0.65	Α	0.15	Α	0.80	Α

TABLE 5
PLATOON LEVEL OF SERVICE RESULTS -- PEAK DAY CONDITIONS

STREET	SECTION		SIDEWALK	BACKG	ROUND	STAPLES/L/	ACC EVENT	LAS & ED	TOTAL	COMBINED VENUES	
01111111	FROM	TO	SIDE	PED FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL	FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL
	1			RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF
	A Section			(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE
Cherry	Olympic	11th	East	4.02	Α	6.49	В	4.28	Α	6.78	В
Cherry	Civilipic	1141	West	4.02	^	0.43		1		""	-
- '			VVESI								
Georgia	Olympic	- 11th	East	4.03	A	5.51	Α	5.06	Α	6.57	В
			West	4.03	Α	5.02	Α	5.06	Α	6.08	В
-	Oth	Oh manaia		4.10	٨	9.06	В	5.49	Α	10.55	В
Figueroa	9th	Olympic	East West	4.12 4.10	A A	10.40	В	7.60	В	14.00	Č
٠.			11031	4,10		, , , ,					
Figueroa	Olympic	11th	East	4.12	Α	9.06	В	5.05	Α	10.11	В
			West	4.08	Α	10.54	В	5.78	. A	12.32	С
Eiguero	11th	12th	East	4.08	Α	5.69	Α	5,65	Α	7.34	В
Figueroa	1101	12111	West	4.04	Â	5.62	Â	5.27	Α	6.89	В
			11031	7.04		0.02					
Figueroa	12th	Pico	East	4.08	Α	4.72	A	5.92	Α	6.64	В
			West	4.06	Α	6.77	В	5.46	A	8.23	В
l'incore	Dies	Vonino	Enot	4.00	A	4.42	Α	4.45	Α	4.87	Α
Figueroa	Pico	Venice	East West	4.08 4.12	Â	6.59	B	4.25	A	6.84	В
			1,030	7.72			-				
Flower	9th	Olympic	East	4.05	Α	4.94	Α	4.30	Α	5.24	Α
			West	4.06	Α	5.54	Α	5.55	Α	7.10	В
		441.		404		4.77	Α	4.14	Α	4.92	Α
Flower	Olympic	11th	East West	4.04 4.03	A A	4.77	Ä	4.27	A	4.98	Ä
			West	4.00	7						
Flower	11th	12th	East	4.06	Α	6.39	В	5.07	Α	7.46	В
			West	4.08	Α	7.31	В	7.15	В	10.45	В
r	4045	Dian		4.00		10.54	В	6.73	В	13.27	С
Flower	12th	Pico	East West	4.08 4.06	A A	6.69	В	5.70	Ā	8.38	В
			West	4.00		0.00					
Flower	Pico	Venice	East	4.08	Α	4.78	Α	4.47	Α	5.26	Α
			West	4.08	Α	5.37	<u> </u>	4.44	<u> </u>	5.81	A
Olympic	Georgia	Figueroa	North	4.04	Α	5.87	A	5.51	A	7.38 9.17	B B
			South	4.04	Α	7.27	В	5.91	Α	9.17	. u
Olympic	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.08	Α	4.72	Α	4.42	Α	5.14	Α
Cijinpio	, igualou	,	South	4.11	Α	8.53	В	4.82	Α	9.34	В
								4.04	٨	5.54	Ä
11th	Cherry	Georgia	North	4.04	A	5.33	Α Δ	4.21 4.34	A A	4,93	Ä
			South	4.06	Α	4.59	Α	7.54			
11th	Georgia	Figueroa	North	4.08	Α	7.31	В	6.63	В	9.94	В
			South	4.06	Α	9.15	В	4.73	Α	9.88	В
						0.22	D	6.34	В	10.67	В
11th	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.13	A A	8.33 11.91	B C	6.54	В	14.45	D
			South	4.15	^	11.51	•				
12th	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.04	Α	5.65	Α	5.29	Α	6.95	В
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	South	4.06	Α	11.47	C	5.98	Α	13.45	С
 .						E 00		4.89	Α	5.91	A
Pico	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.06	A	5.02	Α Δ	4.69	A	5.07	Α
	L		South	4.13	Α	4.65	<u> </u>	J 7.74			

TABLE 6
PLATOON LEVEL OF SERVICE RESULTS - AVERAGE DAY CONDITIONS

STREET	SECTION		SIDEWALK	BACKGROUND		STAPLES/LACC EVENT		LAS & ED		COMBINE	VENUES
	FROM	TO	SIDE	PED FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL	FLOW	LEVEL	PED FLOW	LEVEL
				RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF	RATE	OF
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE	(ped/min/ft)	SERVICE
Cherry	Olympic	11th	East West	4.02	Α	6.49	В	4.16	A	6.65	В
			vvest								
Georgia	Olympic	11th	East	4.03	Α	5.51	A	4.69	Α	6.20	В
A Company			West	4.03	Α	5.02	Α	4.69	Α	5.71	· . A .
Figueroa	9th	Olympic	East	4.12	Α	9.06	В	4.25	Α	9.31	В
			West	4.10	Α	10.40	В	4,45	Α	10.85	В
Figueroa	Olympic	11th	East	4.12	Α	9.06	В	4.43	Α	9.49	В
	7		West	4.08	Ā	10.54	В	4.97	Ä	11.51	č
Figueroa	4.116	1045		4.00		F 60		F 20		7.00	
rigueioa	11th	12th	East West	4.08 4.04	A A	5.69 5.62	A A	5.32 4.87	A A	7.02 6.50	B B
Figueroa	12th	Pico	East	4.08	Α	4.72	A	5.35	A	6.07	В
			West	4.06 4.00	Α	6.77 4.00	В	5.12 4.00	Α	7.89 4.00	В
Figueroa	Pico	Venice	East	4.08	Α	4.42	Α	4.12	Α	4.53	Α
			West	4.12	A	6.59	В	4.13	Α	6.72	В
Flower	9th	Olympic	East	4.05	Α	4.94	A	4.08	Α	5.01	Α
	Jul	Ciyinpic	West	4.06	Â	5.54	Â	4.32	Â	5.86	Â
Flower	Olympic	11th	East	4.04	A	4.77	A	4.05	A	4.83	A
			West	4.03	Α	4.71	Α .	4.10	Α	4.81	Α
Flower	11th	12th	East	4.06	Α	6.39	В	4.37	Α	6.76	В
			West	4.08	Α	7.31	В	5.69	Α	9.00	В
Flower	12th	Pico	East	4.08	Α	10.54	В	4.63	Α	11.17	С
			West	4.06	Α	6.69	В	5.17	Α	7.86	В
Flower	Pico	Venice	East	4.08	Α	4.78	Α	4,12	Α	4.91	Α
			West	4.08	A	5.37	A	4.11	Α	5.48	A
Olympic	Georgia	Figueroa	North	4.04	Α	5.87	Α	4.60	Α	6.47	В
			South	4.04	Α	7.27	В	5.10	Α	8.37	В
Olympic	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.08	Α	4.72	Α	4.26	Α	4.98	Α
			South	4.11	Α	8.53	В	4,38	Α	8.90	В
11th	Cherry	Georgia	North	4.04	٨	5.33	۸	4.13	Α	5.46	Α
	Cilciny	Georgia	South	4.04	A .	4.59	A	4.13	Ä	4.80	A
								1. 2.			
11th	Georgia	Figueroa	North South	4.08	A	7.31	B B	5.42 4.41	A	8.73 9.57	B B
			South	4.06	Α	9.15	٥	7.71	Α	3.51	
11th	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.13	Α	8.33	В	5.29	Α	9.62	В
			South	4.15	Α	11.91	С	5.41	Α	13.32	С
12th	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.04	Α	5.65	Α	4.89	Α	6.54	В
			South	4.06	A	11.47	Ĉ	5.36	A	12.83	Ċ
Pico	Cia	F1	4 1=-41			F 65			•	F 40	A
	Figueroa	Flower	North	4.06	Α	5.02	Α	4.41	Α	5.43	Α

LACC/STAPLES Center

On an event day, Table 3 shows that the sidewalk system serving the venue operates at good levels of service. The north-south streets all operate at Levels of Service A or B. Most sections of the east-west sidewalk system operate at similar levels. Only the sections of 11th Street and 12th Street between Figueroa and Flower operate at Level of Service C during the one hour before an event.

Average Day conditions for the purposes of this analysis also assume a sold-out event at the STAPLES Center, so the results presented in Table 4 are identical to those in Table 3 in the STAPLES/LACC Event column.

When platoons of pedestrian are taken into account, the sidewalk system serving the STAPLES Center/LACC continues to operate at Level of Service C or better.

LAS & ED Project Pedestrian Levels

On a Peak Day, all of the sidewalk system segments serving the LAS & ED will operate at Levels of Service A or B. On an Average Day when most of the project parking can be accommodated on-site, all segments of the sidewalk system would operate at LOS A.

The consideration of the effects of pedestrian platoons do not change these results.

Combined Venues

During Peak Day conditions with a sold-out event at the STAPLES Center (or a major consumer show at the LACC) and major off-site parking occurring for LAS & ED visitors, all of the north-south segments of the sidewalk system would operate at Level of Service C or better. All segments of the east-west system would operate at LOS A or B except the south sidewalk along 11th Street between Figueroa and Flower which would operate at LOS D and the same segment of 12th Street which would operate at LOS C.

Average Day conditions would see the entire system operating at LOS C or better.

The same conclusions apply when the effects of pedestrian platoons are considered.

PEDESTRIAN SAFETY

All of the major intersections along the key pedestrian routes serving the project are controlled by traffic signals. Given the good pedestrian Levels of Service described above, the pedestrian system should have no difficulty accommodating the pedestrian volumes safely through the traffic signals.

When the LAS & ED visitors are added to the STAPLES Center/LACC visitors, the pedestrian volumes increase and the pressure to "ignore the signal" may also increase. The most difficult auto/pedestrian conflict at a traffic signal occurs when right turning vehicles attempt to turn through a flow of pedestrians crossing on the "Walk" indication. During the peak event times at the STAPLES Center/LACC, the key intersections are controlled by Los Angeles Department of Transportation Traffic Control Officers and by City of Los Angeles Police Officers. Figure 2 shows the deployment of these personnel for lager event at either of the venues. While the actual deployment may vary by event

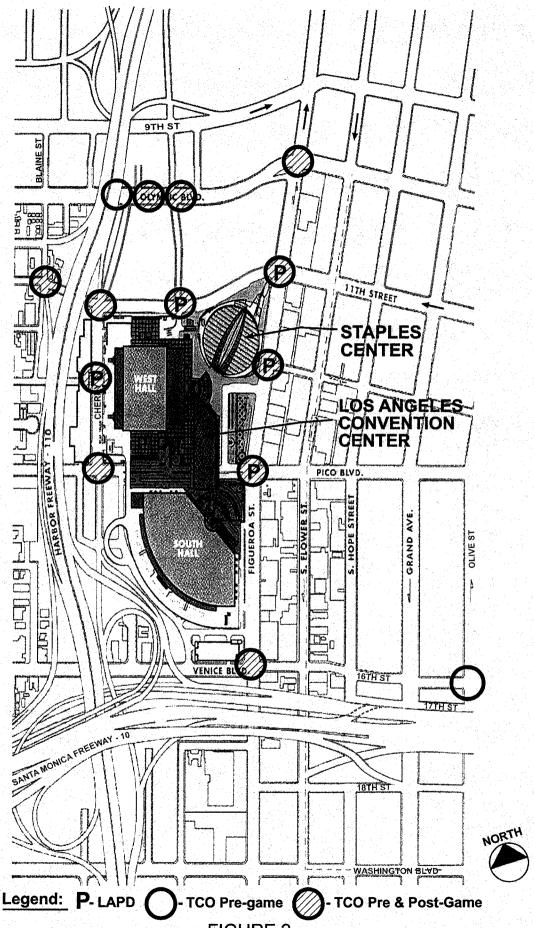


FIGURE 2
PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSONNEL DEPLOYMENT
LEVEL V EVENT PLAN

or even by time period prior to or after the event, the presence of the Traffic Control Officers and the Police serve to increase the safety of the pedestrians moving to/from the venues. This traffic control will be available to the LAS & ED visitors during the busy hours before and after the events at the STAPLES Center/LACC.

The current operation of the STAPLES Center parking areas includes the provision of fences along the boundaries of the lots with openings in these fences directing people toward the signalized crosswalks. This strategy has been effective at reducing midblock crossings, thus increasing pedestrian safety. As these parking lots are replaced by the buildings of the LAS & ED, the doors/entries to the buildings should replicate the effort to orient pedestrian flow toward the crosswalks.

The EIR for the STAPLES Center anticipated that the section of 11th Street from Georgia to Figueroa would be closed to traffic prior to and after an event at the STAPLES Center. This closing would occur primarily to enhance pedestrian safety in accommodating the large volumes of pedestrians moving to/from the parking spaces to the north of the venue. Actual experience at the STAPLES Center has shown that the street closure is needed only for about 20-30 minutes after the event. The flow of pedestrians prior to the event is spread out enough to allow the traffic signal to be able to adequately accommodate the pedestrian flow.

It is likely that the increase in pedestrian flow that will accompany the operation of the LAS & ED will result in the closure of the 11th Street section both prior to and after the events at the STAPLES Center. The orientation of the pedestrian flow (from the parking garage on the Olympic West lot to the STAPLES Center) and the increased pedestrian levels (LAS & ED visitors added to the STAPLES Center/LACC visitors) could result in the need to increase the frequency and the duration of the 11th Street closure.

CONCLUSION

The pedestrian mitigation program implemented by the STAPLES Center has resulted in a pedestrian system that has enough capacity to accommodate the addition of the LAS & ED visitors at a good Level of Service. Even on nights when the LAS & ED visitors are added to the STAPLES Center visitors, the pedestrian system will have sufficient capacity to accommodate the expected pedestrian volumes.

From a safety standpoint, the signalized intersections controlling the key pedestrian corridors will provide safe intersection crossings. During the time periods prior to and after events at the STAPLES Center/LACC, Traffic Control Officers and Police Officers will control traffic and pedestrian flows to/from the event venues. LAS & ED visitors will be able to benefit from these traffic control personnel.

It is likely that the closure of 11th Street will increase in frequency and duration as the pedestrian volumes in the vicinity grow.