Westside Community Plans **Advisory** Group (WCPAG)

Meeting 2: Monday, June 5, 2023 5-7PM



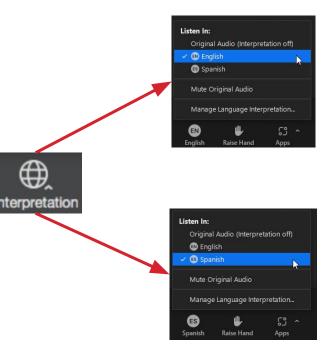
# Audio Settings / Configuraciones de audio

### To access audio, select your preferred language

- Click on the "Interpretation" button (see figure on the right) and select English or Spanish.
- Note: All attendees must select a language for best audio quality. English speakers select English.

## Traducción a Español Seleccione su idioma preferido

- Haga clic en el botón de "Interpretación" (vea la figura a la derecha) y seleccione Ingles o Espanol.
- Si tiene alguna pregunta por favor mande mensaje al personal con su nombre: escribe "Ayuda en español" en el chat.



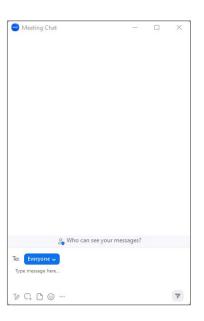
# **Sharing Comments / Speaking**

- If you are joining us with the Zoom app, click the <u>raise hand button</u> located at the bottom of your screen. If you are calling in please press <u>\*9</u>.
- Staff will place you into the speaker queue to share your thoughts. You may also type your comments/questions into the chat.

- Due to the size of the group, you will be muted. You will be asked to unmute yourself when speaking.
- Following your comment you will be removed from the queue and muted. If you have additional comments please raise hand again or input comments into the chat.

# **Technical Difficulties**

- If you are having technical difficulties, please:
  - Send a direct message to IT using the chat for assistance
  - Or email staff at planning.thewestside@lacity.org



# **Meeting Participation**

#### **Initial Ground Rules**

- Be courteous and respectful to all members and staff
- Focus on problem solving, not just problem identifying
- Share information and perspectives
- Address the theme and topic at hand

- Be present and fully engaged
- Modify cell phone alerts and background noise/distractions when speaking
- Allow everyone an opportunity to comment
- Hold one conversation at a time

# **Meeting Participation**

## Names and Organizations

- Rename yourself (click three dots next to your name>rename):
  - First and Last Name, any relevant organization
- Identify yourself with your name and any organization affiliation before speaking (both in main room and in breakout groups)

# **Agenda**

#### **Overview**

- WCPAG Meeting 1 Summary
- New Code Training

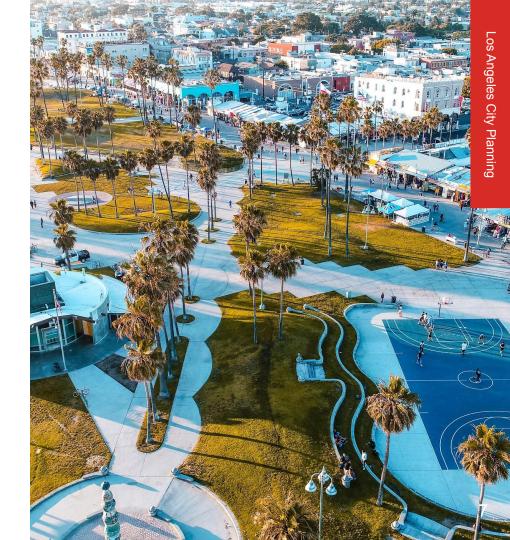
#### **Breakout Session 1 - Vision:**

- Vision for Commercial Corridors
- Report Back

#### **Breakout Session 2 - Land Use:**

- New Commercial GPLU
- Commercial Zoning Strategies
- Proposed Commercial GPLU Maps
- Report Back

Closing | Q & A (7pm-7:30pm)





# Meeting 1 - Summary

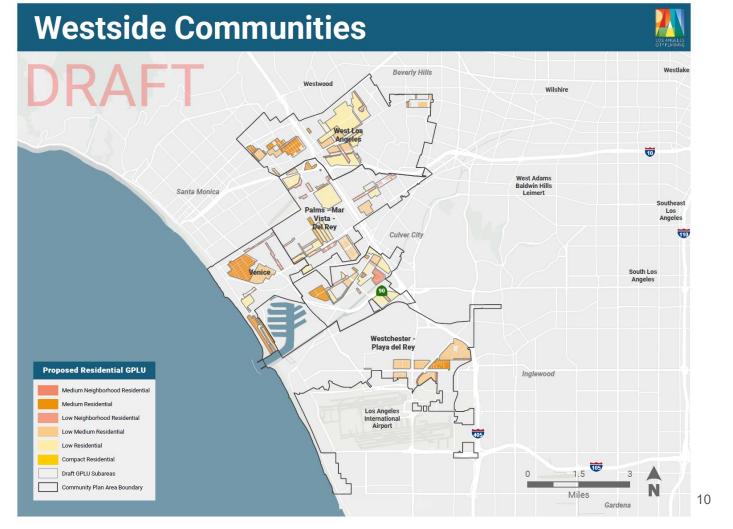
# **Review - Meeting 1**

- Community Planning 101
- Policy Discussions:
  - o Emerging Guiding Principles
  - Emerging Vision Statements
- Land Use Discussion
  - Residential GPLUs and Zoning Strategies



# Draft Residential General Plan Land Use (GPLU) Maps

Released March 2023



# "Neighborhood Residential"

- Limited local-neighborhood serving commercial uses "tienditas", "corner stores", "small cafes"
- Integrated into residential neighborhoods
- Distancing and Use Requirements apply
- Tenant Size Maximums
- Low Neighborhood Residential





A small cafe within a Culver City residential neighborhood



A toy store within a Highland park residential neighborhood

# Summary of Feedback - Residential

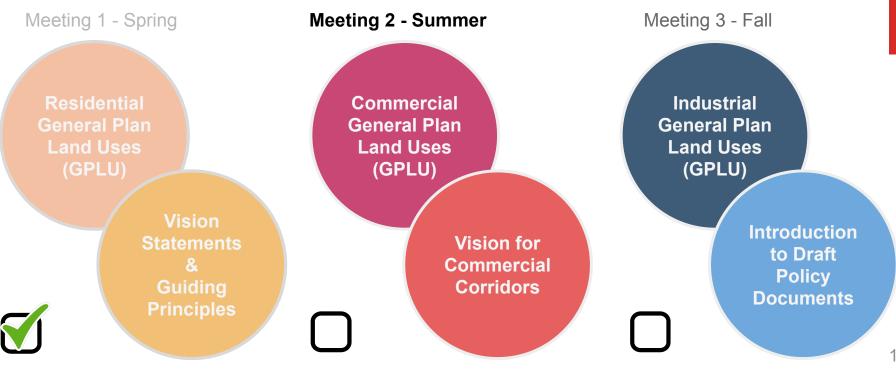
#### **Breakout Session #1**

- "More infill development and mixed-use housing"
- "Ensure appropriate transitions between higher and lower buildings"
- "Be more direct and explicit about building more affordable housing"
- "Address infrastructure"
- "More aspirational language regarding housing and sustainability, such as walkable neighborhoods and density"

### **Breakout Session #2**

- "We have an affordable housing shortage"
- "Not taking advantage of areas where we could have high density residential to take pressure off residential neighborhoods"
- "Challenging to identify ideal areas to accommodate density without negatively impacting circulation / increasing traffic"
- "More mixed-use buildings along the major thoroughfares"
- "Increase missing middle housing needs to be allowed adjacent to corridors and boulevards, not just transit."

# **WCPAG TOPICS**



# **Process Timeline**

#### **WE ARE HERE**



#### Listen

Conduct background research, data collection, field visits, land use surveys and gather initial input



#### Share

Identify planning concepts along with plan goals and explore zoning tools



#### Consult

Refine the plan concepts, select new General Plan Land Use Designations (GPLU), build new zoning, draft Policy Document, and begin the Draft EIR process



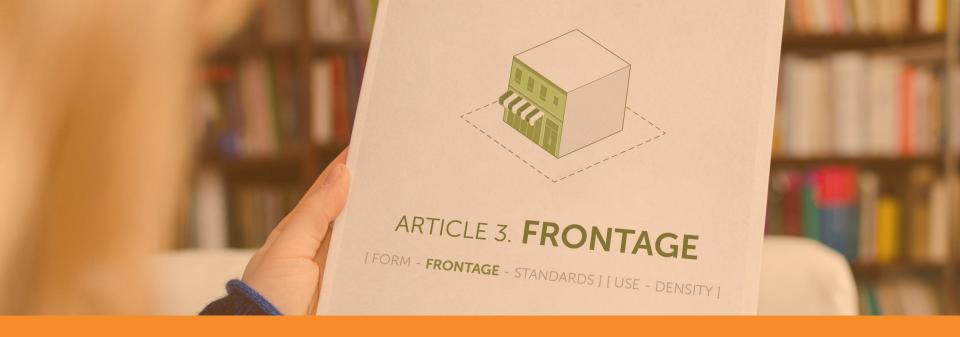
#### Refine

Revise Draft GPLU Map, Draft Zoning Map, Draft Policy Document, publish Draft EIR, and Draft EIR public comment period



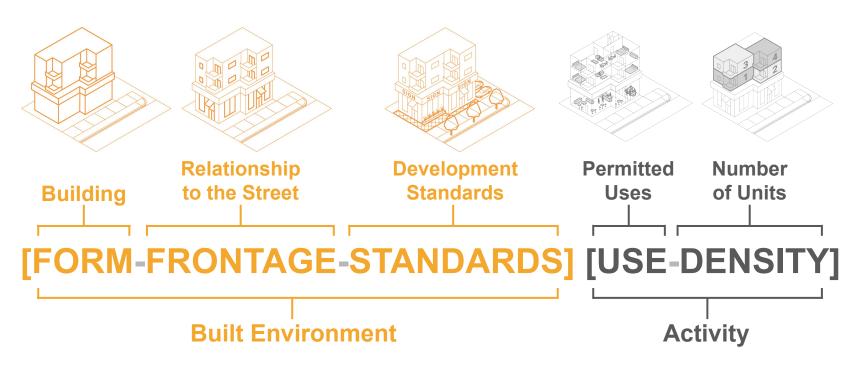
#### **Adopt**

Adoption process starts with a City Planning Commission (CPC) Hearing, followed by Planning Land Use Management (PLUM), and City Council Public Hearing



# **New Code Overview**

# **New Code**



# **Current Code**

## [Q]C2-1-CDO

## SPECIAL ZONING CLASSIFICATIONS

Site-specific or project-specific provisions that are established by ordinance as part of the Zone for a lot.

#### **ZONE CLASSIFICATIONS**

The zone classification dictates basic requirements and restrictions such as permitted and conditionally permitted uses, minimum lot area, yard and parking requirements.

#### HEIGHT DISTRICT

The height district designation determines the maximum Floor Area Ratio, Residential Floor Area Ratio, and sometimes number of stories and/or feet. Does not apply to R1 Variation Zones.

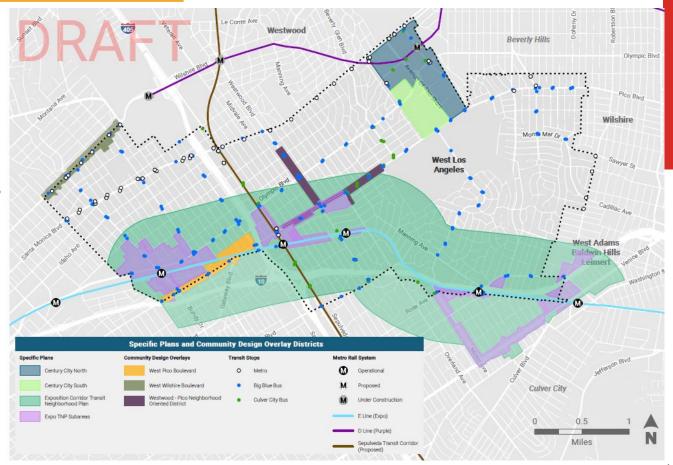
#### SUPPLEMENTAL USE DISTRICT

Supplemental use districts contain additional regulations beyond those required by the base zone regulations, usually to protect or create certain neighborhood characteristics.

Current code has over 1,700 unique zones

# Existing Overlays

- 3 CDOs (Community Design Overlays)
- 100s of Q Conditions
  - Site-specific provisions that modify the existing zoning
- 3 Specific Plans
  - Expo TNP
  - Century City North
  - Century CitySouth



# **Existing Zoning**

- Various Q Conditions
- Various Zones
  - o [Q]C4-1L-CDO
  - [Q]C4-2-CDO
  - o [Q]C2-1L-CDO
  - o [Q]C2-2-CDO
  - O QPB-2
  - o P-1
  - o R4-1
- Various Height Districts and Uses
- Community Design Overlay
- Various General Plan Land Uses



#### **EXISTING ZONING**

#### **CHALLENGE**

Complicated Regulatory Environment

- Various CDOs
- Complicated Q Conditions
- Various Specific Plans
  - Playa Vista Specific Plan
  - o Glencoe-Maxella Specific Plan
  - Exposition TNP
- Zoning and GPLU Mismatches



Tools that do not meet local needs.



#### **NEW ZONING**

#### **OPPORTUNITY**

Simplified Regulatory Environment

- Responsive to Community needs
- Adaptable to future policy needs
- Visual and easy to understand



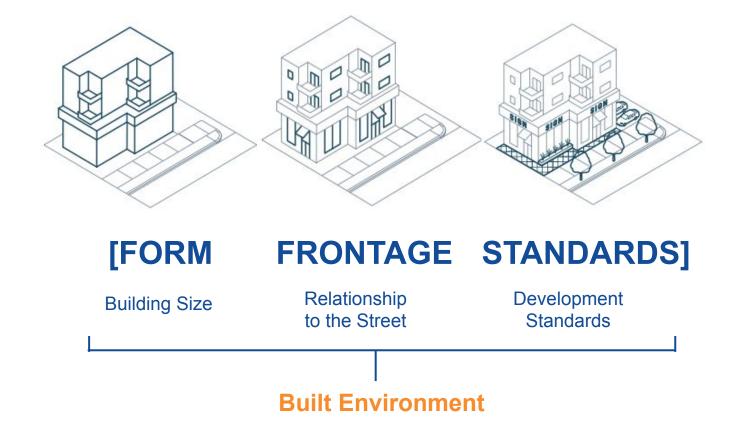
Tools that are **customized to the local context.** 

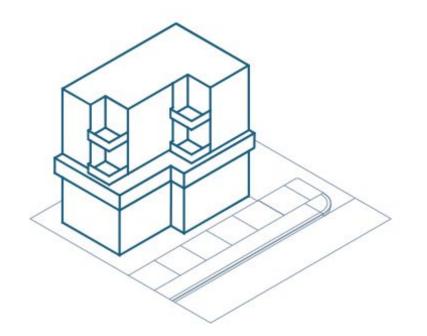
Effective implementation of community's vision

# **Breakdown of New Zoning String**





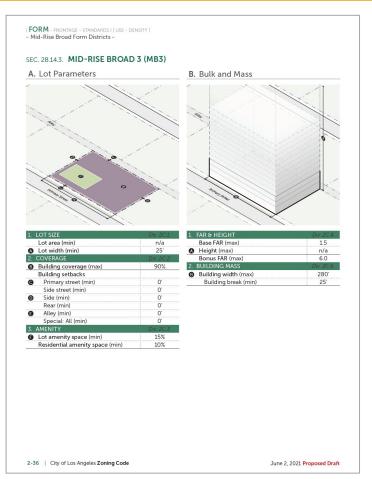




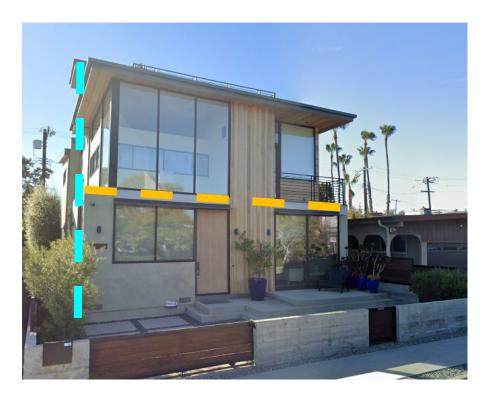
What should the scale of buildings be in the neighborhood?

Key Metrics:
Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
Heights
Lot Coverage





- Allowable development envelopes for buildings
- Components:
  - Lot Size
  - Coverage (Building Placement)
  - Amenity
  - FAR & Height
  - Building Mass



 Form Districts regulate features such as the width and height of a building, building breaks, Floor Area Ratio (FAR) and bulk plane.



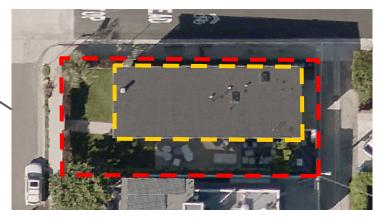


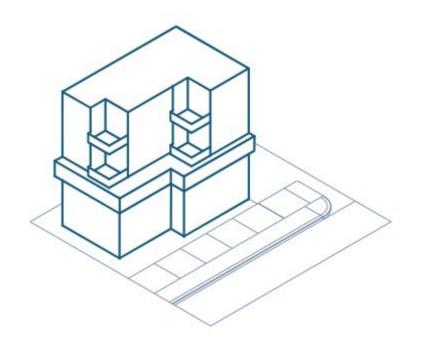
 Form Districts regulate features such as the width and height of a building, building breaks, Floor Area Ratio (FAR) and bulk plane.

Floor Area Ratio (FAR)



 Regulate features such as lot coverage, which limits how much of a property can be built on.

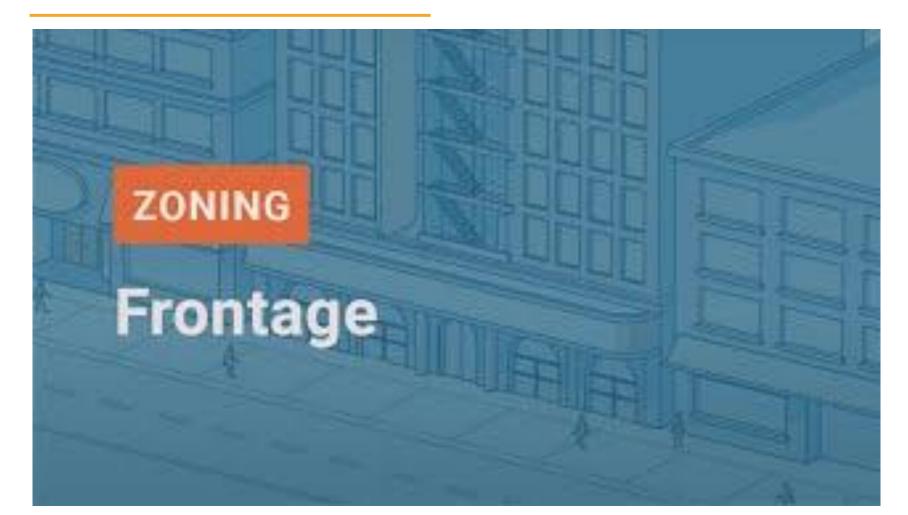




# **Frontage Districts**

How should buildings be experienced from the street?

Key Metrics:
Built-to
Windows (Transparency)
Landscaping
Ground Story Height



# Frontage Districts

- Requirements for how site & building addresses the right-of-way:
  - Build-To
  - Parking Setback
  - Landscape
  - Windows (Transparency)
  - Articulation
  - Entrances
  - Ground Story
- Many existing overlay requirements will be reflected in the Frontages

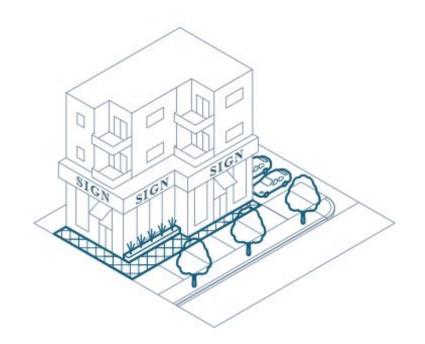


# Frontage Districts

- Frontage Districts
   determine how buildings
   are oriented in relation to
   the street, and how they
   interact with the public
   realm.
- Frontage Districts regulate features such as transparency requirements and ground story height.

### **Transparency** | **Ground Story Height**





# **Development Standards Districts**

What should the site characteristics be in the neighborhood?

Key Metrics:
Auto and Bike Parking
Signage
Development Review



[FORM - FRONTAGE - STANDARDS | [USE - DENSITY] - District 5 -

#### DIV. 4B.5. DISTRICT 5

#### SEC. 4B.5.1. INTENT

Development Standards District 5 prioritizes the pedestrian experience. Development Standards District 5 prioritizes the pedestrian experience. Pedestrian access standards facilitate pedestrian circulation by improving pedestrian access from the public realm to the interior of buildings through frequent, direct and convenient access to building entrances. Parking for automobiles is not mandated, contributing to a dynamic and walkable environment. When parking is provided, it must meet high design standards to ensure pedestrian mobility, safety, and comfort are not hindered. On-site signs are sized and located to support a pedestrian-oriented public realm.

#### SEC. 4B.5.2. STANDARDS

PEDESTRIAN ACCESS	Div. 4C.1.	
Pedestrian access package	Package 1	
AUTOMOBILE ACCESS	Div. 4C.2.	
Automobile access package	Package 1	
AUTOMOBILE PARKING	Div. 4C.4.	
Required parking stalls	Package A	
Exempt change of use, non residential tenant size (max)	n/a	
Parking structure design	Primary St.	Side St.
Parking Garage		
Ground Story	Wrapped	Wrapped
Upper Stories	Adaptable	Adaptable
Integrated Parking		
Ground Story	Wrapped	Wrapped
Upper Stories	Wrapped	Adaptable
SIGNS	Div. 4C.11.	
Sign package	2	
DEVELOPMENT REVIEW	Div. 4C.14.	
Development review threshold	Package 2	

See Part 4C. (Development Standards Rules) for additional development standards that apply.

# **Development Standards Districts**

- Development standards that vary to address different types of neighborhoods
- Development standards currently varying:
  - Pedestrian Access
  - Automobile Access
  - Parking Ratios
  - Parking Structure Design
  - On-Site Sign Allocation / Permissions
  - Development Review Thresholds

PROPOSED DRAFT June 2, 2021

City of Los Angeles Zoning Code | 4-11

#### **DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS:**

- Pedestrian Access
- Automobile Access
- Bicycle Parking
- Automobile Parking
- Transportation Demand Management
- Plants
- Screening
- Grading & Retaining Walls
- Outdoor Lighting & Glare
- Signs
- Site Elements
- Environmental Protection
- Development Review



= Standard can vary | = Consistent Standard









## **Development Standards**

 Development Standards outline regulations related to parking, screening, signs, landscaping, and pedestrian access.

**Parking** 

Screening





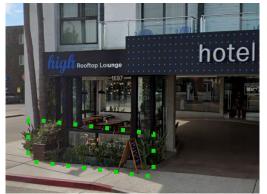




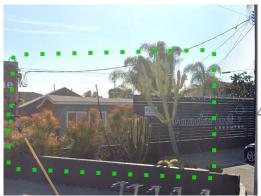
## **Development Standards**

 Development Standards outline regulations related to parking, screening, signs, landscaping, and pedestrian access.

Signs





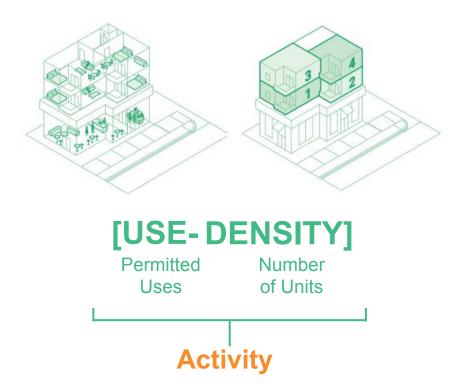




## **Development Standards**

 Development Standards outline regulations related to parking, screening, signs, landscaping, and pedestrian access.

Landscaping



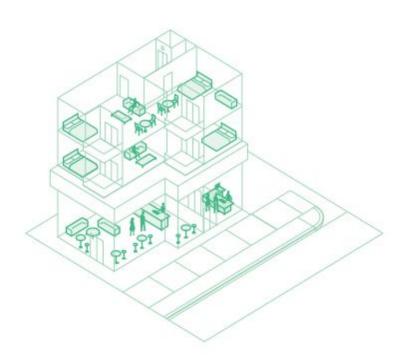


What activities should be allowed?

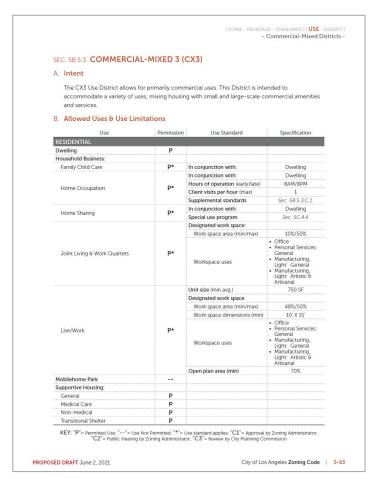
Key Metrics:

Type of Uses

Permission Levels



- Grouped system retail, personal services, dwelling, schools
- Uses are only separated out if they are regulated differently
- Each Use District has permission levels for every use:
  - P Permitted
  - P\*Permitted with Standards
  - C Conditional
  - -- Not Permitted



 Use Districts outline the types of the activities and uses that occur within a building or on the site.









#### **Residential Uses:**

- Single-unit, multi-unit, and mixed-use housing types are found throughout the Westside
- Residential Use Districts emphasize residential uses and only minimal services and amenities.
- Residential Mixed-Use Districts emphasise residential and limited commercial uses.









#### **Commercial Uses:**

- Examples of Commercial uses include shopping centers, restaurants, coffee shops, grocery stores, offices, and other retail or service amenities.
- Commercial-Mixed Use
   Districts promote
   neighborhoods with a mix of
   uses including commercial
   and residential









#### **Industrial Uses:**

- Examples of Industrial uses include offices, studios, storage, retail, warehousing and distribution.
- Industrial Use Districts allow for heavy commercial and light industrial
- Industrial-Mixed Use Districts allow a mix of light industrial, office, research and development, with residential



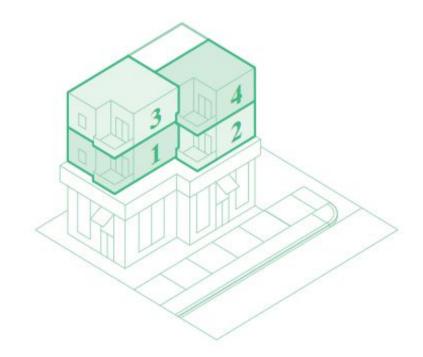




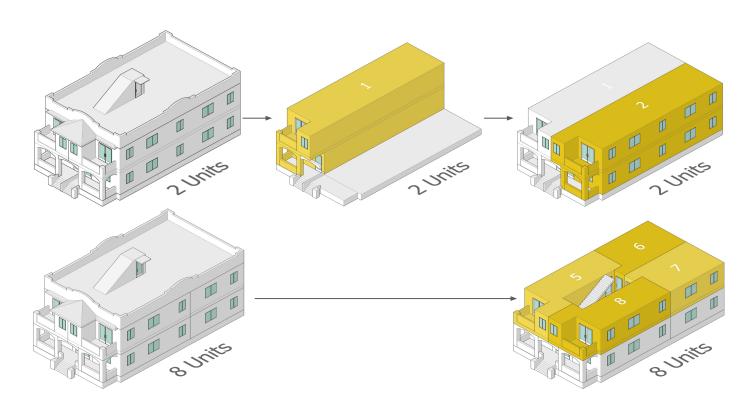


How should population be accommodated?

Key metrics:
Lot Based Districts
Lot Area Based Districts



• Density Districts regulate the number of housing units allowed on a site.



- Establish the number of permitted units on a lot
- Units allowed based are based on two type of Density Districts:
  - Lot Based Districts (based on maximum number of units)
  - Lot Area Based Districts (limited by lot size)

[ FORM - FRONTAGE - STANDARDS ] [ USE - DENSITY ]
- Maximum Density -

#### SEC. 6B.1.2. LOT AREA-BASED DISTRICTS

In FA, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, and N Density Districts, the maximum density of household dwelling units and efficiency dwelling units permitted on a lot is limited according to the table below. A lot may contain any combination of household dwelling units and efficiency dwelling units.

LC	OT AREA-BASED DIS	STRICTS
Density District	Lot Area per Household Dwelling Unit (min SF) Sec. 6C.1.2.	Lot Area per Efficiency Dwelling Unit (min SF) Sec. 6C.1.3.
FA	Limited by Floor Area	Limited by Floor Area
2	200	100
3	300	150
4	400	200
6	600	300
8	800	400
10	1000	500
12	1200	600
15	1500	750
20	2000	1000
25	2500	1250
30	3000	1500
40	4000	2000
50	5000	2500
60	6000	3000
N	Not Permitted	Not Permitted

PROPOSED DRAFT June 2, 2021

City of Los Angeles Zoning Code | 6-11

### **Lot Based Districts**

 Lot-based Districts: establish a maximum number of dwelling units permitted on a lot no matter the size of the lot.

#### • Example:

- Density District 1L allows 1
   Household Dwelling Unit max per
   lot regardless of lot size.
- Density District 4L allow 4
   Housing Dwelling Units max per
   Lot regardless of lot size.

LOT-BASED DISTRICTS			
Density District	Dwelling Units Per Lot (max) Sec. 6C.1.1.		
1L	1		
2L	2		
3L	3		
4L	4		

 Lot Area-Based Districts: The maximum density of household dwelling units and efficiency dwelling units permitted on a lot is limited by lot area.

#### • Examples:

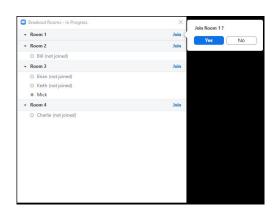
- A 5,000 square-foot lot with a 10 Density District could have 5 max units (5000/1000 = 5 units)
- A 8,000 square-foot lot with a 8
   Density District could have 10
   max units (8000/800 = 10 units)

LOT AREA-BASED DISTRICTS					
Density District	Lot Area per Household Dwelling Unit (min SF) Sec. 6C.1.2.	Lot Area per Efficiency Dwelling Unit (min SF) Sec. 6C.1.3.			
FA	Limited by Floor Area	Limited by Floor Area			
2	200	100			
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6	600	300			
8	800	400			
10	1000	500			
12	1200	600			
15	1500	750			
20	2000	1000			
25	2500	1250			
30	3000	1500			
40	4000	2000			
50	5000	2500			
60	6000	3000			
N	Not Permitted	Not Permitted			



# Session 1 Vision for Commercial Corridors

- Room 1 Palms-Mar Vista-Del Rey
- 2. **Room 2** Westchester-Playa del Rey
- 3. Room 3 West Los Angeles
- 4. Room 4 Venice
- Room 5 Regional (Covering Westside Region in general)
- 6. Room/Sala 6 Grupo Regional en Español cubre la región del lado oeste en general. Spanish Regional Group.





## **Report Back**

- 1 member from each breakout group reports back
- Summarize what the small group discussed and any highlights
- State your name and group #





# Session 2 General Plan Land Uses and Zoning



## **New Commercial GPLUs**

## Commercial GPLUs

NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER

**VILLAGES** 

**COMMUNITY CENTER** 

**REGIONAL CENTER** 









## **New Commercial GPLU: Designations**

#### NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER

Neighborhood Center areas are focal points for surrounding residential neighborhoods and include uses that serve the needs of residents and employees. The building form ranges from Very Low Rise to Low Rise, and is characterized by pedestrian-scale commercial development. Uses generally include a mix of residential and commercial uses, such as local businesses and services.

#### **VILLAGES**

Villages are characterized by walkable and fine-grained block patterns that serve as historic and cultural regional niche market destinations. The building form is Very Low Rise, Low Rise, or Mid Rise, and typically includes a height limit for uniform building mass. Commercial uses, such as restaurants, retail, services, and small offices may be interspersed with a range of housing types; commercial uses on the ground floor help promote a pedestrian atmosphere. Adaptive reuse of historic buildings and infill development is responsive to the historic and cultural legacy of these areas.

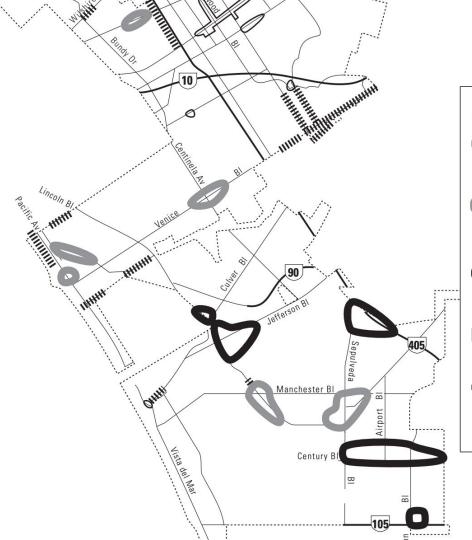
## **New Commercial GPLU: Designations**

#### **COMMUNITY CENTER**

Community Centers are vibrant places of activity typically located along commercial corridors, in concentrated nodes, or adjacent to major transit hubs. The building form ranges from Low Rise to Mid Rise. The use range is broad and may include commercial, residential, institutional facilities, cultural and entertainment facilities, and neighborhood-serving uses.

#### **REGIONAL CENTER | CENTRO REGIONAL**

Regional Center areas function as hubs of regional commerce and activity, and are usually located near major transportation hubs or along major transportation corridors. The building form ranges from Mid Rise to High Rise, with active shopfronts and active streets. Regional Centers typically provide a significant number of jobs, in addition to residential, retail, government, entertainment and cultural facilities, and health facilities on a regional scale.



## **Framework Element**

### LEGEND Districts, Centers & Mixed Use Boulevards

#### Neighborhood District

A focal point for surrounding residential neighborhoods and containing a diversity of land uses such as restaurants, retail outlets, grocery stores, child care facilities, small professional offices, community meeting rooms, pharmacies, religious facilities and other similar services. The clustering of uses minimizes automobile trip-making and encourages walking to and from adjacent neighborhoods. Pedestrian-oriented areas are encouraged, and the district may be served by a local shuttle service. Generally, Neighborhood Districts are at a floor area ratio of 1.5:1 or less and characterized by 1 - or 2-story buildings.

#### **Community Center**

A focal point for surrounding residential neighborhoods and containing a diversity of uses such as small offices and overnight accommodations, cultural and entertainment facilities, schools and libraries, in addition to neighborhood oriented services. Community Centers range from floor area ratios of 1.5:1 to 3.0:1. Generally, the height of different types of Community Centers will also range from 2- to 6-story buildings, e.g., some will be 2-story Centers, some 4- or 6-story Centers depending on the character of the surrounding area. Community Centers are served by small shuttles, local buses in addition to automobiles and/or may be located along rail transit stops.

#### Regional Center

A focal point of regional commerce, identity and activity and containing a diversity of uses such as corporate and professional offices, residential, retail commercial malls, government buildings, major health facilities, major entertainment and cultural facilities and supporting services. Generally, different types of Regional Centers will fall within the range of floor area ratios from 1.5:1 to 6.0:1. Some will only be commercially oriented; others will contain a mix of residential and commercial uses. Generally, Regional Centers are characterized by 6- to 20-stories (or higher). Regional Centers are usually major transportation hubs.

#### Downtown Center

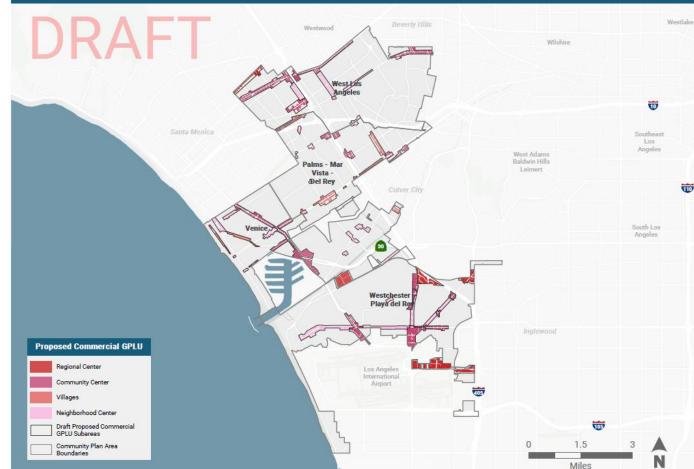
An international center for finance and trade that serves the population of the five county metropolitan region. Downtown is the largest government center in the region and the location for major cultural and entertainment facilities, hotels, professional offices, corporate headquarters, financial institutions, high-rise residential towers, regional trapportation facilities and the Convention Center, The Downtown Center is generally characterized by a floor area ratio up to 13:1 and high rise buildings.

#### IIIIIIIIII Mixed Use Boulevard

These connect the city's neighborhood districts and community, regional and Downtown centers. Mixed Use development is encouraged along these boulevards, with the scale, density and height of development compatible with the surrounding areas. Generally, different types of Mixed Use Boulevards will fall within a range of floor area ratios from 1.5:1 up to 4.0:1 and be generally characterized by 1- to 2-story commercial structures, up to 3- to 6-story mixed use buildings between centers and higher buildings within centers. Mixed Use Boulevards are served by a variety of transportation facilities.

## **Westside Communities**







# **Zoning Strategy: Mixed Use and Commercial Corridors**

## **Existing Commercial Zoning**

Common Existing Zone	Existing Density Base	Existing Height Base	Existing FAR Base	Bonus
C2-1	400 (4 in new code)	unlimited	1.5	Varies*
C2-1L	400 (4 in new code)	75' or 6 stories	1.5	Varies*
C2-1VL	400 (4 in new code)	45'	1.5	Varies*
C2-2D	400 (4 in new code)	unlimited	6.0	Varies*
[Q] Conditions = Site-specific or project-specific provisions can modify Density, height, and FAR regulations.	Q= Modify Density	Q= Modify Height	Q= Modify FAR	Varies*

<sup>\*</sup>Existing incentives programs utilized today include the Transit Oriented Communities (TOC) program and the State Density Bonus that offer a variety of incentives in exchange for developments providing deed restricted affordable units.

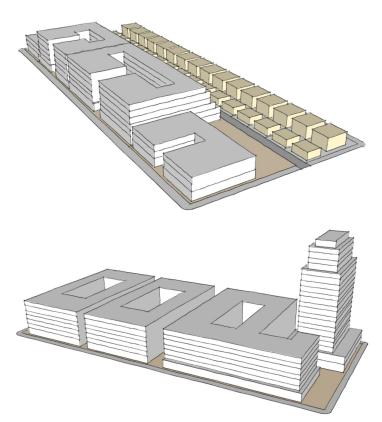
#### Intent and Considerations

- Accommodate active commercial uses and upper-story housing
- Control building scale with multiple block-breaks
- Property's connection to the street served by an active ground-floor
- Ensure parking is located behind street frontage
- Allow a diverse mix of shops, services, and dining to support neighborhood life



#### Form District Options:

FORM							
FAR Base	1.5	1.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	6.0	8.5
FAR Bonus	3.00	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.5	10
Lot Size	1,000 sf	1,000 sf	1,000 sf				
Lot width, street loaded	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'
Lot width, alley loaded	20'	20'	20'	20'	20'	20'	20'
Height Base	3 stories	3 stories	6 stories	unlimited	7 stories	unlimited	unlimited
Height Bonus	5 stories	8 stories	8 stories	unlimited	15 stories	unlimited	unlimited
<b>Building Width Base</b>	140'	160'	160'	210'	210'	210'	210'
<b>Building Width Bonus</b>	160'	210'	210'	280'	280'	280'	280'
Primary st. Setback	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'
Outdoor Amenity Space	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%



#### FAR & Height Options:

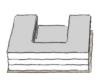
FORM							
FAR Base	1.5	1.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	6.0	8.5
FAR Bonus	3.00	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.5	10
Height Base	3 stories	3 stories	6 stories	unlimited	7 stories	unlimited	unlimited
Height Bonus	5 stories	8 stories	8 stories	unlimited	15 stories	unlimited	unlimited

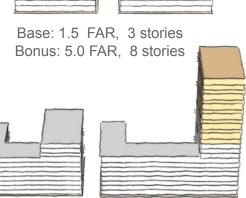


Base: 1.5 FAR, 3 stories Bonus: 3.0 FAR, 5 stories

Base: 4.5 FAR, no story limit

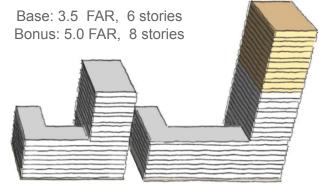
Bonus: 6.0 FAR, no story limit





Base: 6.0 FAR, no story limit Bonus: 8.5 FAR, no story limit

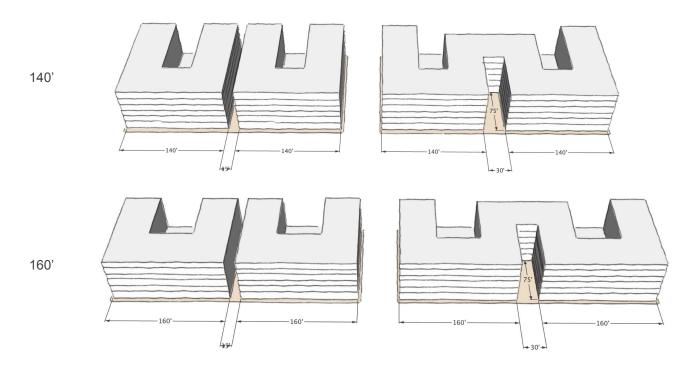




Base: 8.5 FAR, no story limit Bonus: 10 FAR, no story limit

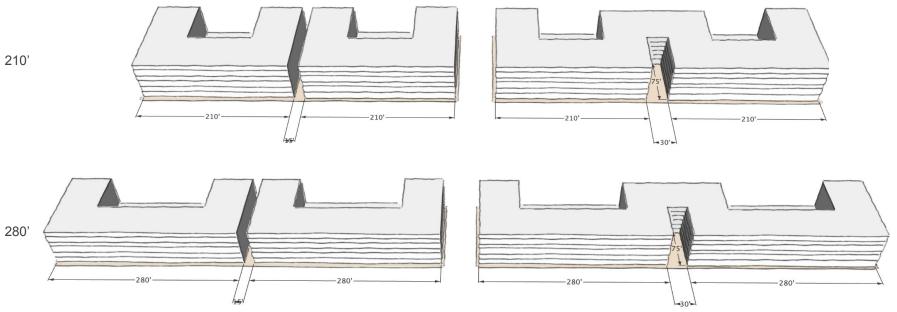
#### **Building Width Options:**

FORM			
Building Width Base	140'	160'	210'
Building Width Bonus	160'	210'	280'



#### **Building Width Options:**

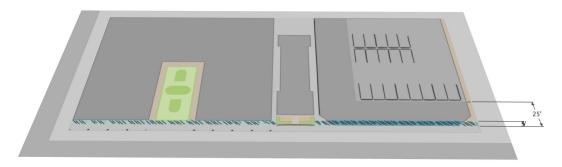
FORM			
Building Width Base	140'	160'	210'
Building Width Bonus	160'	210'	280'



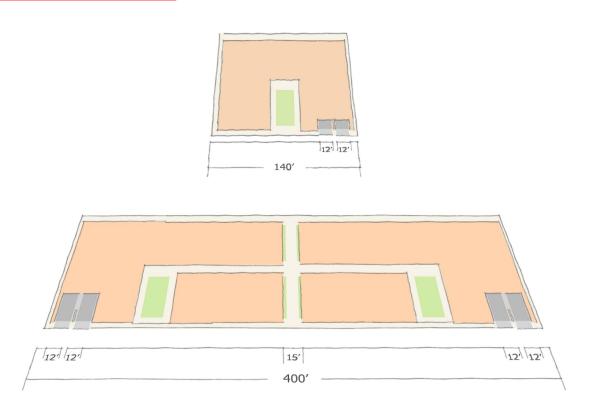
#### Frontage Options:

FRONTAGE	Shopfront
Build-to depth /	
width	5' / 80%
Parking setback	25'
Transparency	70%
Entrance	
spacing	50'
Entry features	Courtyard
	Shopfront bay
	Market stall
	Collonade
Ground story	
height	14'



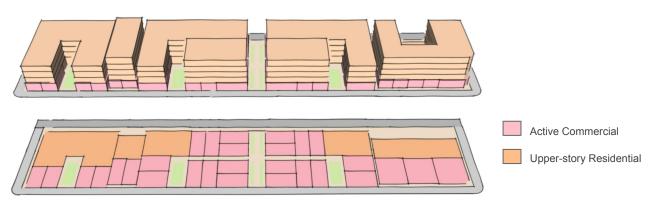


DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS	1			
Pedestrian access	Direct			
Pedestrian passageway	Required			
Pedestrian passageway spacing	350'			
Vehicle Access				
Number of automobile access	lanes			
Boulevard or Avenue				
0'-400' lot width	2			
> 400' lot width	4			
Collector or Local				
0'-120' lot width	1			
121'- 400' lot width	2			
> 400' lot width	4			
Alley	Unlimited			
Access lane width				
Boulevard or Avenue (min/max)	9' / 12'			
Collector or Local (min/max)	8' / 12'			



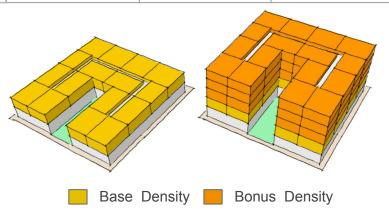
#### **Use District Options:**

USE	Neighborhood Commercial	Community Commercial	Regional Center	Highway Commercial
Primary use	Active Commercial (Shops & Dining)	Active Commercial (Shops & Dining)	Active Commercial (Shops & Dining)	Commercial Services (Shops & Services)
Ground floor tenant size	10,000 sf (max)	50,000 sf (max)	none	none
Supporting uses	Upper story multi-family housing Hotels Local entertainment venues Community facilities	Upper story multi-family housing Hotels Local entertainment venues Community facilities Hospital Production workshops	Upper story multi-family housing Hotels Regional entertainment venues Community facilities Hospital Production workshops Large Format Retail	Light Automobile Services Production workshops Large Format Retail Multi-family housing

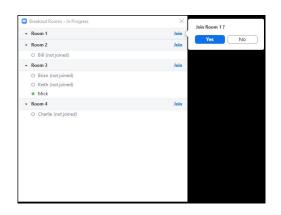


#### **Density Options:**

DENSITY	Corresponding Base FAR	Avg. Unit Size	Corresponding Bonus FAR	Avg. Unit Size
8	1.5	635 sf	3.0	847 sf
4	3.5	758 sf	5.0	768 sf
3 or FA	4.5	732. sf	6.0	729 sf
2 or FA	6.0	649 sf	8.5	710 sf
FA	8.5	~ 700-800 sf	10.0	~ 700-800 sf



- 1. Room 1 Palms-Mar Vista-Del Rey
- 2. **Room 2** Westchester-Playa del Rey
- 3. Room 3 West Los Angeles
- 4. Room 4 Venice
- 5. **Room 5** Regional (Covering Westside Region in general)
- 6. Room/Sala 6 Grupo Regional en Español cubre la región del lado oeste en general. Spanish Regional Group.





## Report Back

- 1 member from each breakout group reports back
- Summarize what the small group discussed and any highlights
- State your name and group #



## Advisory Group Feedback Feedback Due 7/14/23





#### **Fmail or Mail**

Enviar comentarios por correo electrónico

planning.thewestside@lacity.org

Westside Community Planning 200 North Spring Street, Room 667 Los Angeles, CA 90012



#### Google Form

Enviar comentarios por formulario de Google

#### **GET INVOLVED**

LA County Planning is engaging community members in the neighborhoods of Ladera Heights, View Park-Windsor Hills to develop the Westside Area Plan. The Plan will be a community-based plan guiding regional growth and development while also addressing unique issues and opportunities in these individual communities.

Keep an eye out for more ways to get involved in summer and fall 2023!

#### **JOIN OUR EMAIL LIST**

Email us to be added to the list: WestsideAreaPlan@planning.lacounty.gov

#### **SOCIAL MEDIA**



#### VISIT

planning.lacounty.gov/ long-range-planning/ westside-area-plan



LOS ANGELES COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF REGIONAL PLANNING

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# WESTSIDE AREA PLAN A COMMUNITY PLAN FOR Ladera Heights **View Park**



Windsor Hills

forms.office.com/g/QYc2965ZuL

Share your thoughts on ways to improve your neighborhood!



## Planning4la.org/planningthewestside

## End

Questions: planning.thewestside@lacity.org



## **Q & A**

Next Meeting: Monday, June 5, 2023

